

Know the following Theorems.

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|--|---|---|
| $\frac{d}{dx}[\arcsin \square] = \frac{d\square}{\sqrt{1-\square^2}}$ | $\frac{d}{dx}[\arctan \square] = \frac{d\square}{1+\square^2}$ | $\frac{d}{dx}[\operatorname{arcsec} \square] = \frac{d\square}{ \square \sqrt{\square^2-1}}$ |
| $\frac{d}{dx}[\arccos \square] = \frac{-d\square}{\sqrt{1-\square^2}}$ | $\frac{d}{dx}[\operatorname{arccot} \square] = \frac{-d\square}{1+\square^2}$ | $\frac{d}{dx}[\operatorname{arccsc} \square] = \frac{-d\square}{ \square \sqrt{\square^2-1}}$ |

Find the derivative of y with respect to the appropriate variable.

- $y = \arccos(x^2)$
- $y = \arcsin \sqrt{2t}$
- $y = \arcsin \frac{3}{t^2}$
- $y = x \arcsin x + \sqrt{1-x^2}$
- $y = \operatorname{arcsec} 5s$
- $y = \arctan \sqrt{t-1}$

7. Which of the following is $\frac{d}{dx} \arcsin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$?

- A) $-\frac{2}{\sqrt{4-x^2}}$ B) $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{4-x^2}}$ C) $\frac{2}{4+x^2}$ D) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{4-x^2}}$ E) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{4-x^2}}$

Find the derivative of the function.

- $y = 3 - 7x^3 + 3x^7$
- $y = \frac{2x+1}{2x-1}$
- $y = \cot\left(\frac{2}{t}\right)$
- $y = x\sqrt{2x+1}$
- $r = \tan^2(3-\theta^2)$
- $y = \ln \sqrt{x}$
- $y = xe^{-x}$
- $y = \ln(\sin x)$

Answers

- $y' = -\frac{2x}{\sqrt{1-x^4}}$
- $y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2t}\sqrt{1-2t}}$
- $y' = -\frac{6}{t\sqrt{t^4-9}}$
- $y' = \sin^{-1} x$
- $y' = \frac{1}{|s|\sqrt{25s^2-1}}$
- $y' = \frac{1}{2t\sqrt{t-1}}$
- E
- $y' = -21x^2 + 21x^6$
- $y' = -\frac{4}{(2x-1)^2}$
- $y' = \frac{2 \csc^2\left(\frac{2}{t}\right)}{t^2}$
- $y' = \frac{3x+1}{\sqrt{2x+1}}$
- $y' = -4\theta \tan(3-\theta^2) \sec^2(3-\theta^2)$
- $y' = \frac{1}{2x}$
- $y' = -e^{-x}(x-1)$
- $y' = \cot x$