

1)  $a_n = \frac{n}{n+7}$

$a_1 = \frac{1}{8}, a_2 = \frac{2}{9}, a_3 = \frac{3}{10}, a_4 = \frac{4}{11}$

$a_{50} = \frac{50}{57}$

3)  $a_1 = 1, a_n = 2a_{n-1}$

1, 2, 4, 8

$a_8 = 128$

5)  $a_n = \frac{2n+1}{n}$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 2$

 $a_n$  converges to 2.

7)  $a_n = 5 + (0.9)^n$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (5 + (0.9)^n) = 5$

 $a_n$  converges to 5

9)  $\left\{ \frac{3n^4}{n^4+1} \right\}$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n^4}{n^4+1} = 3$

2)  $d_n = n^2 - 2n$

-1, 0, 3, 8, 15, 24

$d_{50} = 50^2 - 100 = 2400$

4)  $u_1 = 2, u_2 = 2, u_n = u_{n-1} + u_{n-2}$

2, 2, 4, 6

$u_8 = 42$

6)  $a_n = (-1)^n \frac{n-1}{n+1}$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n-1}{n+1} = 1$

 $a_n$  diverges by oscillation

8)  $a_n = n \sin\left(\frac{7}{n}\right)$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (n \sin\left(\frac{7}{n}\right)) = \infty \cdot 0$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{7}{n}\right)}{\frac{1}{n}} = \frac{0}{0}$

Using L'Hopital's Rule

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-\frac{7}{n^2} \cos\left(\frac{7}{n}\right)}{-\frac{1}{n^2}} = 7$

10)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{5e^n + 1}{e^n} \right) = 5$